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Back to Basics

What Affects Signal Strength?

AP Characteristics

- Number and type of Radios (a/b/g/n)
- Max Tx Power
- Receive Sensitivity
- Number of Spatial Streams
- Antenna Internal/External
- Antenna Pattern
- Number of clients supported

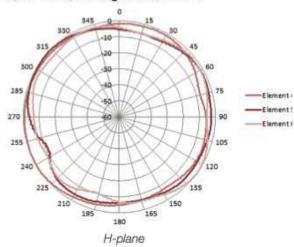
APs are not created equal Choose the right AP for the occasion



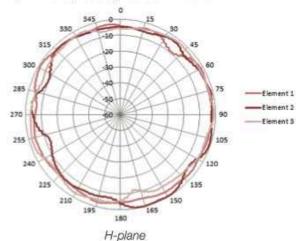
AP-135 Antenna Pattern

AP-135 ANTENNA PATTERN PLOTS

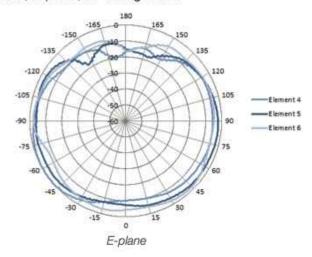
2.450 GHz, H-Plane, 20 degrees down-tilt



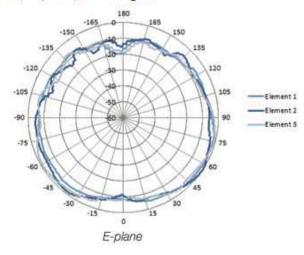
5.500 GHz, H-Plane, 20 degrees down-tilt



2.450 GHz, E-plane, AP facing down



5.500 GHz, E-plane, AP facing down

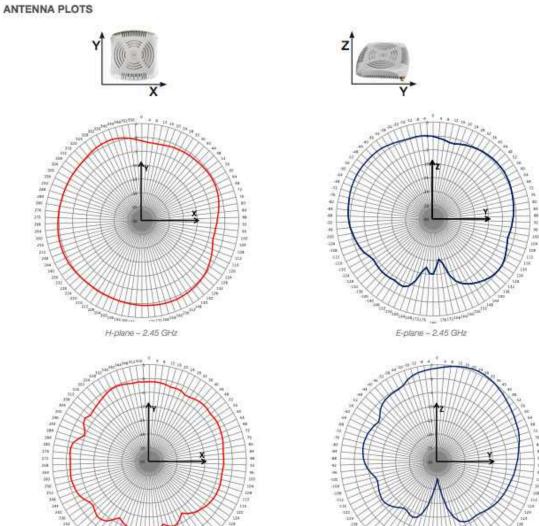




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AP-93 Antenna Pattern

H-plane - 5.5 GHz



eadsconf

E-plane - 5.5 GHz

What Affects Signal Strength?

AP Radiated Power (EIRP)

- = Radio Transmit Power (dBm)
- + Transmit Antenna Gain (dBi)

Antenna is **PASSIVE** – Does Not **ADD** energy Higher Gain just means energy more focused **Not always** a good thing

- AP Regulatory Domain
- Country Code allowed channels
- Radio Band (2.4GHz/5GHz)
- Channel (different channel has different allowed Max EIRP)

What Affects Signal Strength?

Attenuation (Path Loss)

- Line-of-sight
- Building materials (walls, windows, partitions)
- Furniture
- People

Client Received Power (dBm)

- = Radiated Power/EIRP from AP (dBm)
- + Receiver Antenna Gain (dBi)
- free space path loss



Attenuation of Common Building Material

	2.4GHz	5.0GHz
Fabric, blinds, ceiling tiles	~1dB	~1.5dB
Interior drywall	3-4 dB	3-5 dB
Cubicle wall	2-5 dB	4-9 dB
Wood door (Hollow – Solid)	3-4 dB	6-7 dB
Brick/Concrete wall	6-18 dB	10-30 dB
Glass/Window (not tinted)	2-3 dB	6-8 dB
Double-pane coated glass	13 dB	20 dB
Steel/Fire exit door	13-19 dB	25-32 dB





Noise & Interference

.... Signals are corrupted so they don't make sense to the receiver ...

Noise

 Random 'background' that has got mixed up with your signal. Usually doesn't vary too much over time.

Interference

 Additional signals are added to the one you want. Can be intermittent or persistent.



Source of Interference

802.11 Source

Non 802.11 Source

- Your own APs (over-designed)
- Somebody else's APs (neighbor)
- Municipal Wi-Fi Network
- iPhone Personal Hotspots
- Clients connected to other's APs
- Faulty Clients

- Blue-tooth (headset, keyboards, mouse, modem)
- Microwave Oven
- Cordless phones, mouse
- Very strong out-of-band source (GSM tower)
- Baby monitor
- WiMax (2.5GHz)
- ZigBee (802.15.4)
- Video or security cameras
- Faulty anything

Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR)

SNR is not actually a ratio

SNR = Signal (Received Power) – Noise floor

Assume:

Signal received is -65 dB; Noise floor is -85 dB

$$SNR = -65 - (-85) = 20 dB$$



Why SNR is Important

SNR determines the ability of wireless devices to demodulate data rates

Legacy SNR Table

Rate (Mbit/s)	1	2	5.5	11	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
Noise (dBm)	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85	-85
SNR (RSSI) (dB)	4	6	8	10	4	5	7	9	12	16	20	21
Signal Level (dBm)	-81	-79	-77	-75	-81	-80	-78	-76	-73	-69	-65	-64



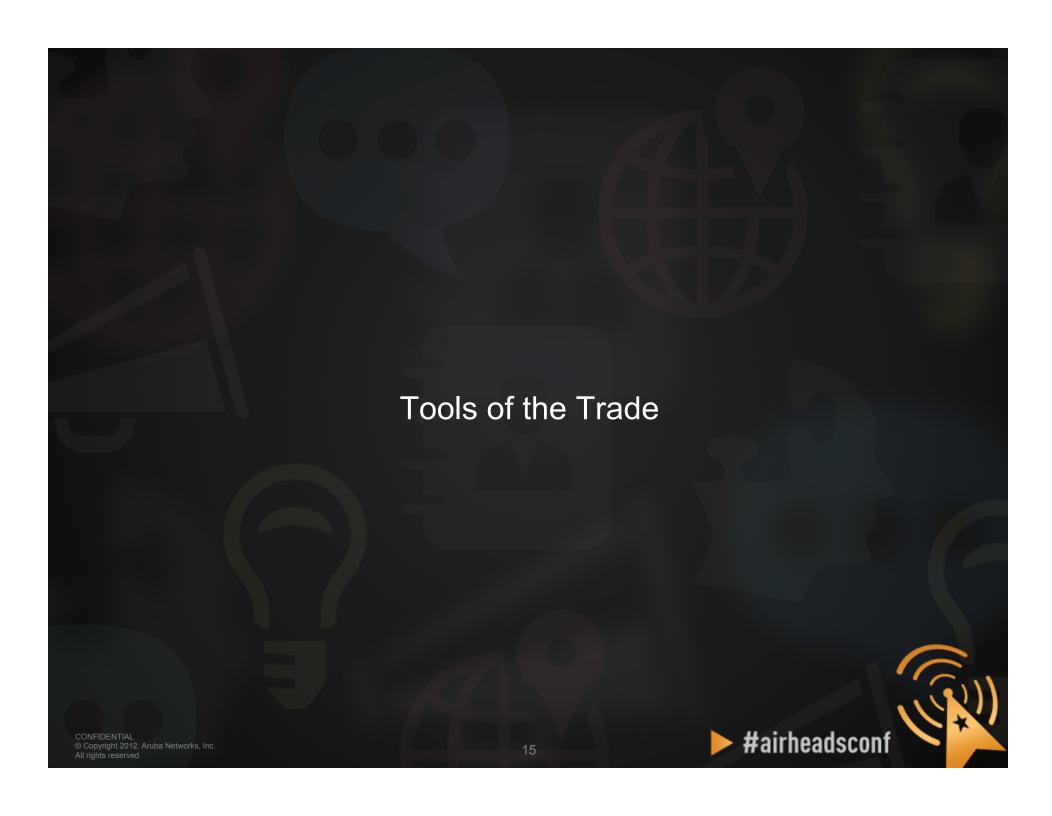
SNR and 11n

802.11n data rates are dependent not only on SNR, but on error rates and the ability to support multiple spatial streams in the environment

There isn't one table to display 11n data rates like there is for legacy data rates

A rough guideline is that a minimum SNR of 30 dB or higher is necessary to demodulate higher 802.11n data rates



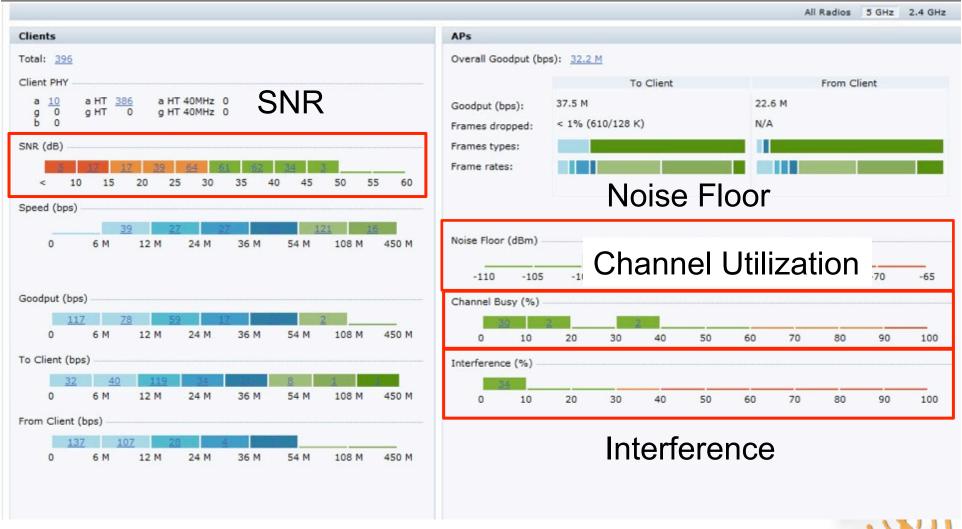


WLAN Engineer Toolkit

- Network Management/Monitoring Platform
- Spectrum Analysis
- Site-Survey
- Understanding Client NIC
- Performance Testing
- Packet Capture
- Command Line Interface (CLI)



ArubaOS Dashboard - Performance



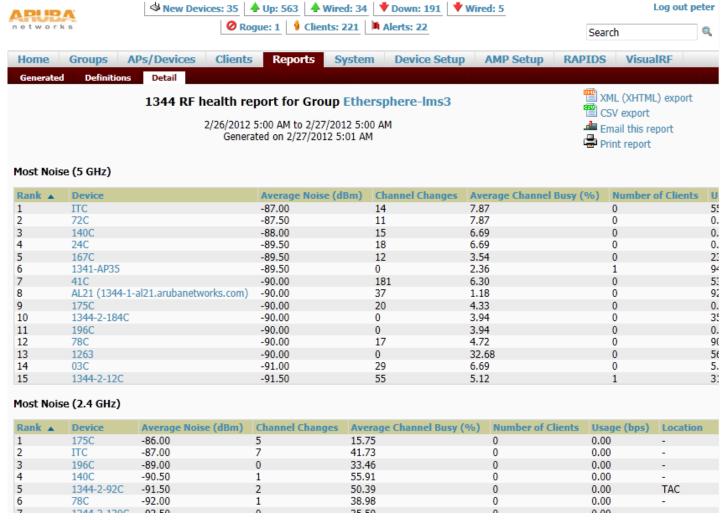


AOS RF Dashboard – Potential Issues



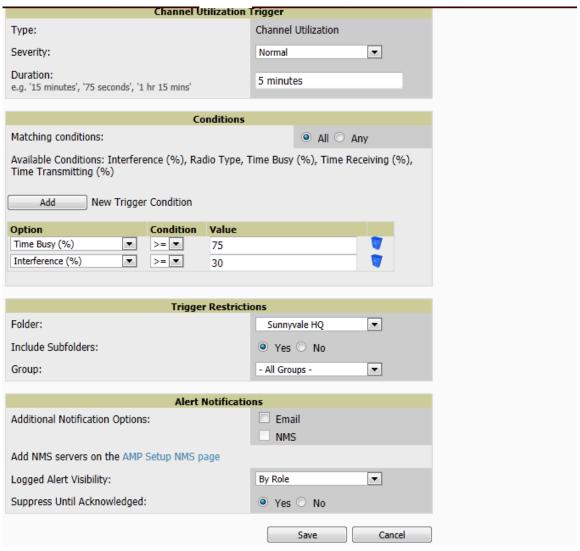


RF Health report



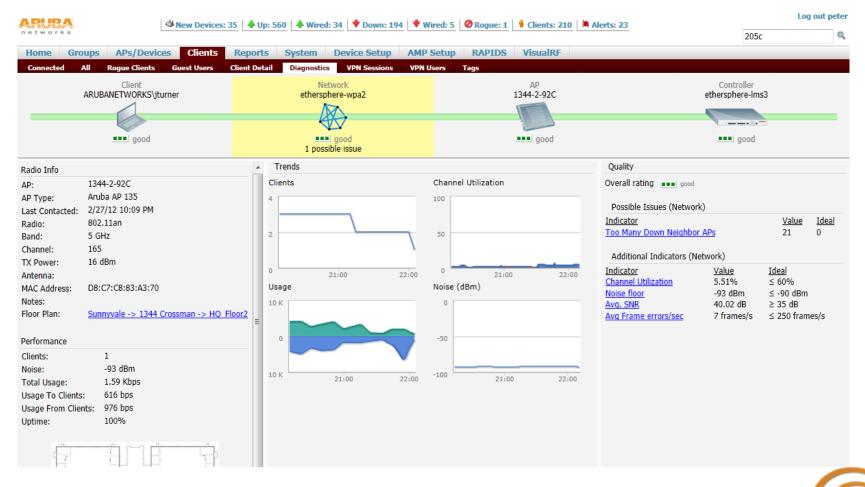


Channel utilization trigger

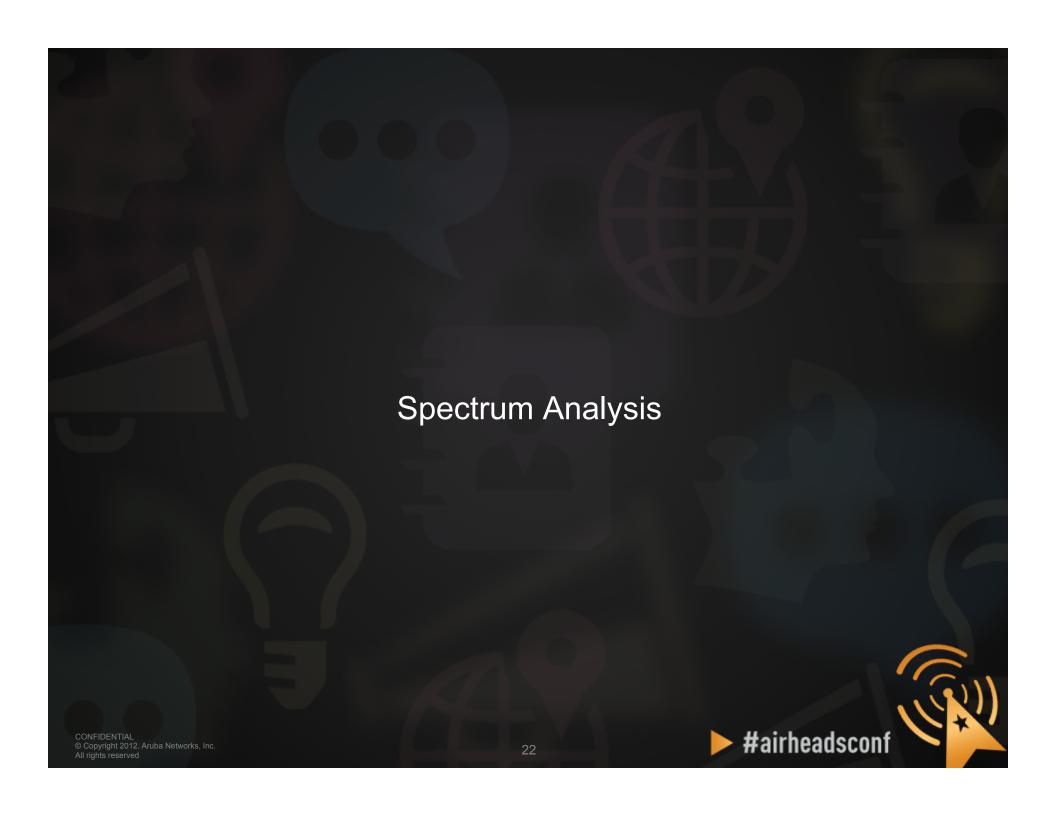




Client Diagnostics





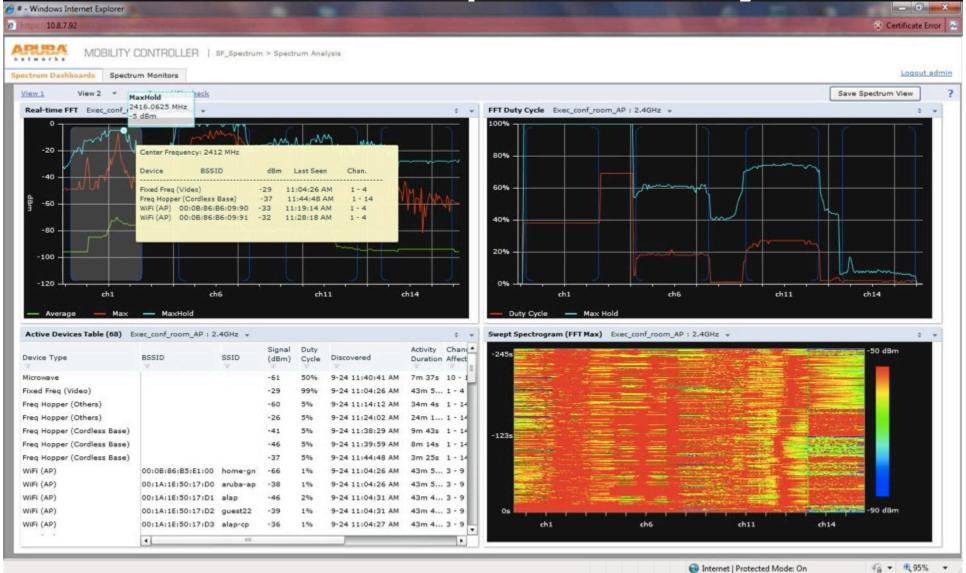


Spectrum Analysis

- Aruba AP in Spectrum Mode
- Aruba AP in Hybrid Spectrum Mode
 - AP-9x/10x/13x
 - Software configurable
- Dedicated Spectrum Analysers
 - Fluke Networks AirMagnet Spectrum XT
 - Metageek Wi-Spy
 - Others
- Airwave VisualRF

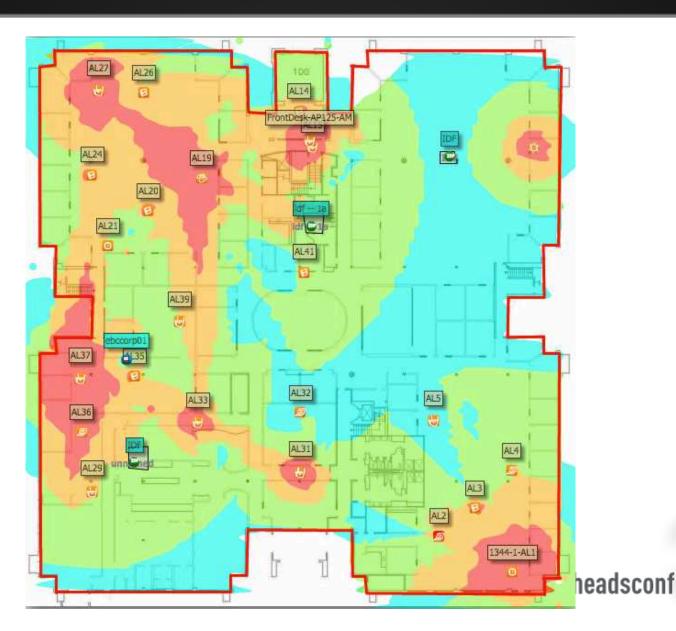


Wireless Tools – Spectrum Analysis

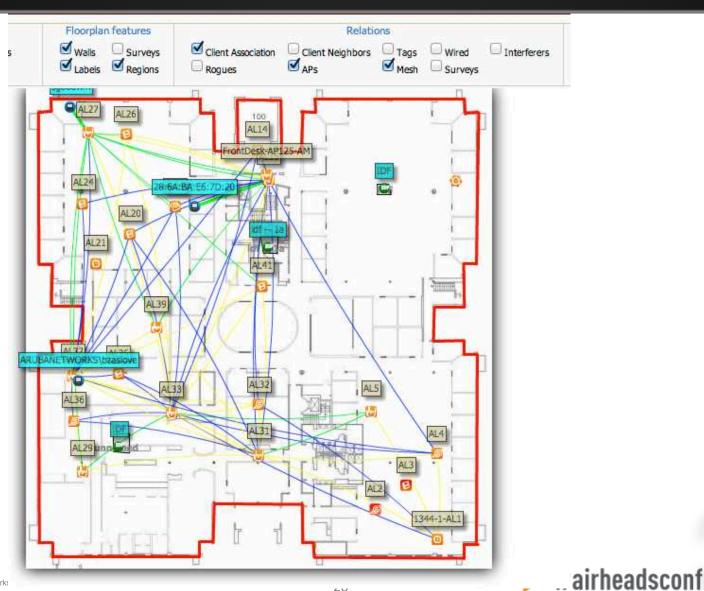




Heatmap (AirWave VisualRF)

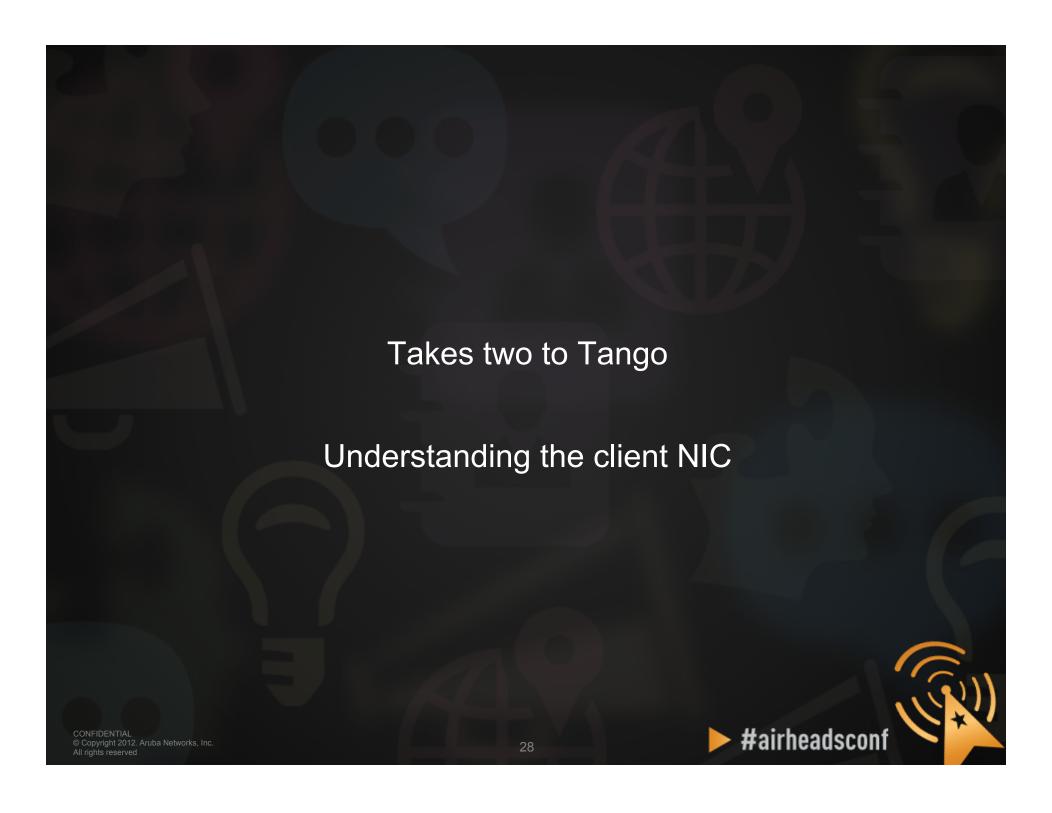


Airwave (Client Association)



Site-Survey (AirMagnet Survey Pro)





Understanding the Client NIC

Client devices have different characteristics and capabilities

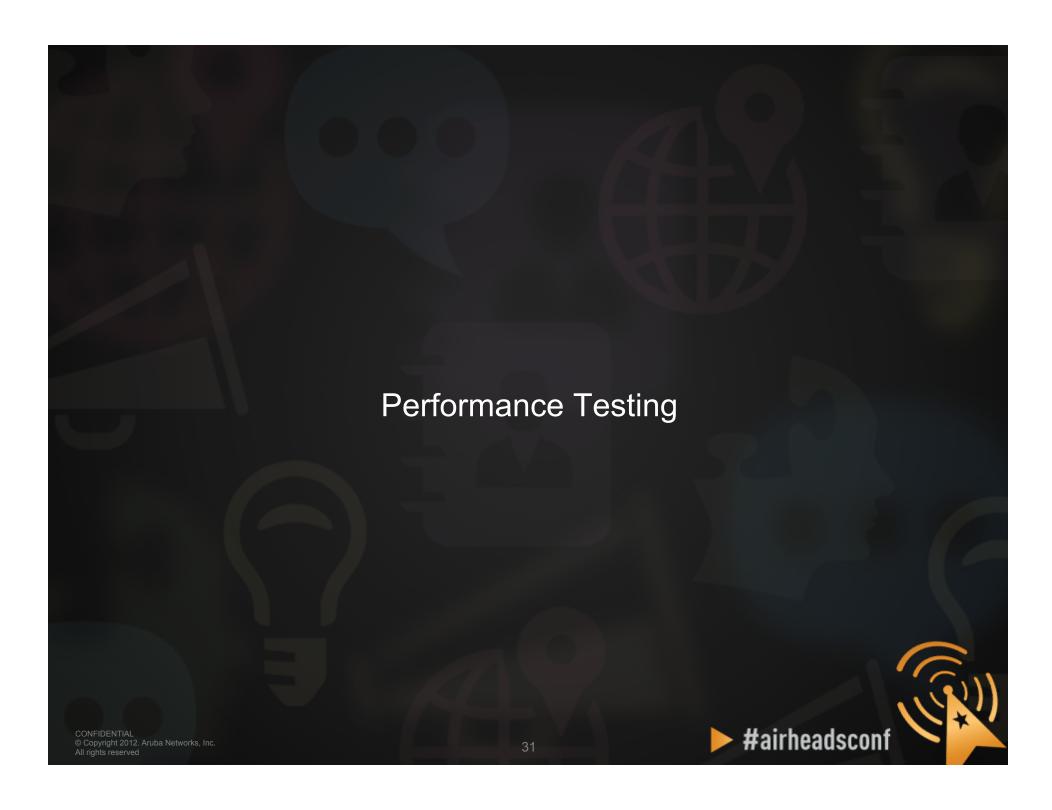
- Is it 802.11a, 802.11g, b/g/n, a/b/g/n?
- If the client supports 11n, is it one spatial stream, 2 spatial streams, or 3 spatial streams?
- Is the wireless NIC using the latest driver?
- Smartphones often use lower transmit power to save battery
- SNR works in both directions—the client needs sufficient SNR to demodulate 802.11 data rates—noise close to the client can hurt performance
- Sometimes, the client can hear the AP, but the AP cannot hear the client



Wireless NIC Connectivity

```
C:\Users\ckrispin>netsh wlan show interface
There is 1 interface on the system:
                           : Wireless Network Connection
    Name
    Description
                           : Intel(R) Centrino(R) Ultimate-N 6300 AGN
    GUID
                           : f079b84f-1fdf-47a9-8baa-6e8ab9b10b8c
    Phusical address
                           : 00:24:d7:7c:44:28
    State
                           : connected
                           : DCMI@Hilton CLublounge
    SSID
    BSSID
                           : 00:04:e2:ff:d8:78
    Network tupe
                           : Infrastructure
    Radio type
                           : 802.11q
    Authentication
                           : Open
    Cipher
                           : None
    Connection mode
                           : Auto Connect
    Channel |
                           : 11
                           : 54
    Receive rate (Mbps)
    Transmit rate (Mbps)
                           : 54
    Signal
                           : 99%
    Profile
                           : DCMI@Hilton CLublounge
    Hosted network status : Not available
```





Performance Testing

When testing, it is best to do wired server (connected to LAN) to wireless client testing.

This allows testing the performance of the wireless LAN, and not depending on Internet access and limited bandwidth.

Pure performance can be measured.

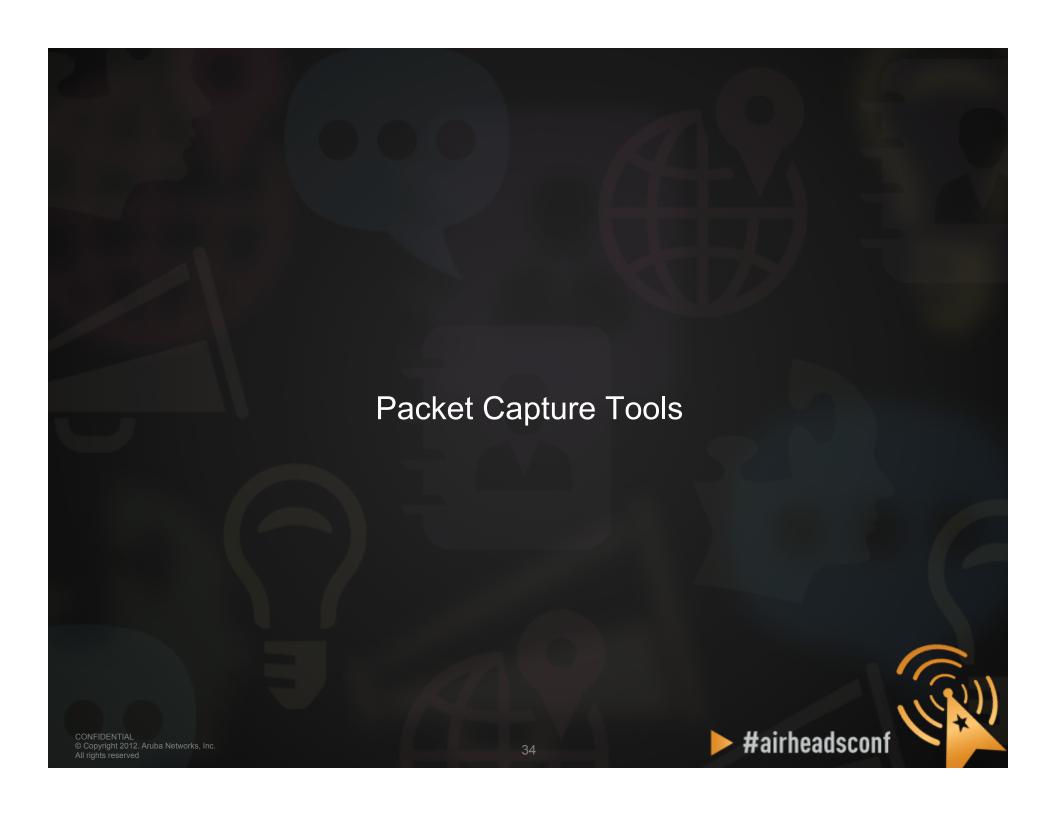


Performance Testing

- iperf/jperf
- ixChariot
- Veriwave WaveDeploy

- iperf (Traffic flow is from client to server)
 - Server (receiver)
 - iperf –s –w 512k –i 1
 - Client (sender)
 - iperf –c <Server IP> -w 512k –i 1 –t 60 –P 4





Packet Capture

Local Packet Capture

- Tools running on laptop (Omnipeek/Wireshark)
- You have to be where the problem is

Remote Packet Capture

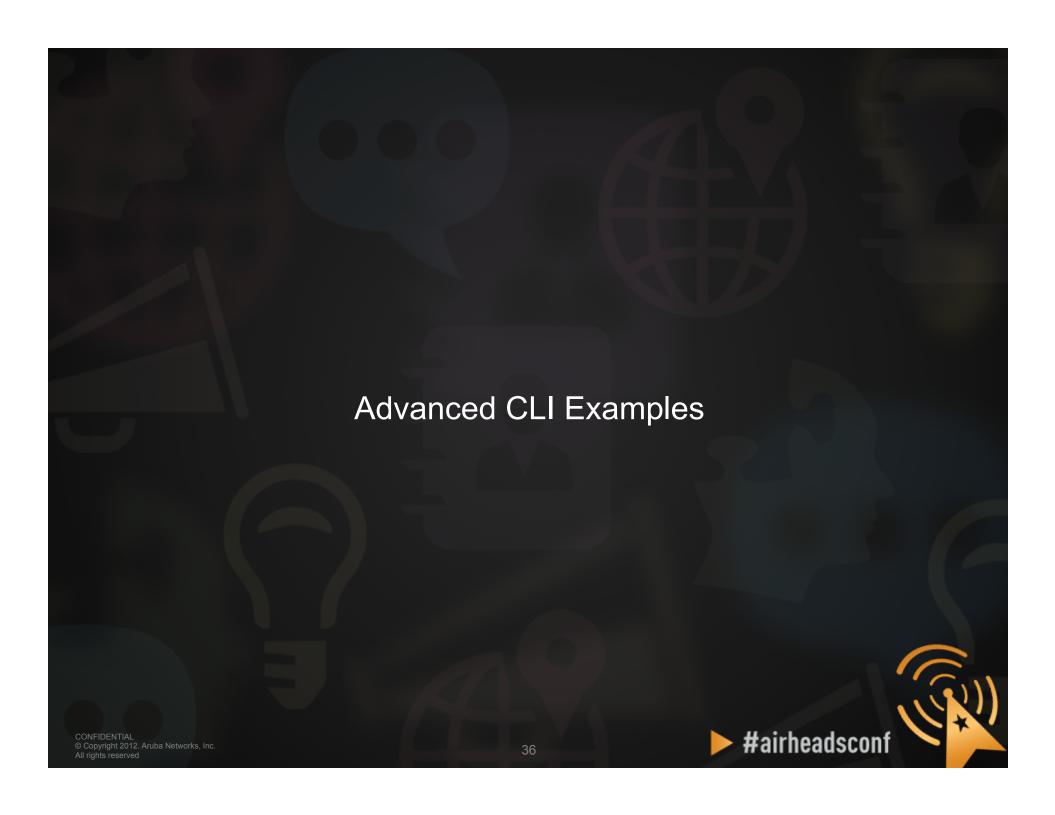
- Use Aruba AP as remote agent
- Anywhere with network access to AP

Session Mirroring

- Sends unencrypted traffic to remote agent good for application layer troubleshooting
- Anywhere with network access to AP

Port Mirroring





Verify All Known APs are UP

show ap active

(Aruba-Demo-Master3200) # (Aruba-Demo-Master3200) #show ap active

Active AP Table

		4.1-03-2.1							All the second s	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Name	Group	IP Address	11g Clients	11g Ch/EIRP/MaxEIRP	11a Clients	11a Ch/EIRP/MaxEIRP	AP Type	Flags	Uptime	Outer IP
AP-28	demo	172.30.0.242	0	AP:HT:6/9/20.5	2	AP:HT:44+/20/21	125	E	29m:7s	N/A
AP-B6	demo	172.30.0.244	1	AP:HT:1/9/20.5	0	AP:HT:36+/18/21	125abg	E	23m:11s	N/A
AP-2A	demo	172.30.0.246	0	AP:HT:1/9/20.5	1	AP:HT:157+/21/21	125	E	30m:34s	N/A
Ap105A-MPP-00:24:6c:c0:01:00	AP-Group1	172.30.0.247	8	AP:HT:6/6/20.5	4	MPP:149+/6/20.5	105	M	1h:42m:4s	N/A
AP65C-MPT-00:1a:1e:c7:68:e0	AP-Group1	172.30.0.249	1	AP:11/22/22	0	MP:149/15/23	65	EM	1h:40m:15s	N/A
AP65A-MPT-00:1a:1e:c7:67:c8	AP-Group1	172.30.0.251	12	AP:6/9/22	2	MP:149/15/23	65	EM	1h:43m:42s	N/A
AP65B-MPT-00:1a:1e:c7:67:d6	AP-Group1	172.30.0.253	16	AP:1/9/22	9	MP:149/15/23	65	EM	1h:43m:42s	N/A

Flags: R = Remote AP; P = PPPOE; E = Wired AP enabled; A = Enet1 in active/standby mode;

L = Client Balancing Enabled; D = Disconn. Extra Calls On; B = Battery Boost On;

X = Maintenance Mode; d = Drop Mcast/Bcast On; N = 802.11b protection disabled;

a = Reduce ARP packets in the air; S = RFprotect Sensor; d = Disconnected Sensor

M = Mesh; U = USB modem; K = 802.11K Enabled;

Channel followed by "*" indicates channel selected due to unsupported configured channel.

Num APs:7

(Aruba-Demo-Master3200) #



Verify All Known SSIDs are Broadcasting

show ap bss-table ap-name <ap name>

(ArubaThailand) #show ap bss-table

Aruba AP BSS Table

		•											
bss		ess	s/p	ip	phy	type	ch/EIRP/max-EIRP	cur-cl	ap name	in-t(s)	tot-t	mtu	acl-state
		AT 17 AT											
00:1a:1e:8	30:02:f0	Bangkok_Corp	1/1	192.168.101.253	a-HT	ap	153-/19/36	2	Bangkok_ICH_AP1	0	2h:41m:15s	1578	
00:1a:1e:8	80:02:f1	Bangkok_Voice	1/1	192.168.101.253	a-HT	ap	153-/19/36	0	Bangkok_ICH_AP1	0	2h:41m:15s	1578	
00:1a:1e:8	80:02:e0	Bangkok Corp	1/1	192.168.101.253	g-HT	ap	1/19/33	0	Bangkok ICH AP1	0	2h:41m:15s	1578	
00:1a:1e:8	80:02:e1	Bangkok Voice	1/1	192.168.101.253	g-HT	ap	1/19/33	0	Bangkok ICH AP1	0	2h:41m:15s	1578	,
00:1a:1e:c	:0:00:2f	N/A	1/1	192.168.101.253	e	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bangkok ICH AP1	0	2h:41m:15s	1578	N/A

Channel followed by "*" indicates channel selected due to unsupported configured channel.

Num APs:5

Num Associations:2

(ArubaThailand) #



Check Device's 802.11 capabilities

```
(Aruba-Demo-Master3200) #show ap association client-mac 00:21:6a:51:71:ea
Flags: W: WMM client, A: Active, K: 802.11K client, B: Band Steerable
PHY Details: HT: High throughput; 20: 20MHz; 40: 40MHz
             <n>ss: <n> spatial streams
Association Table
                                                                                                                                          Flags
Name bssid
                          mac
                                              auth
                                                   assoc
                                                          aid 1-int
                                                                       essid
                                                                              vlan-id tunnel-id
                                                                                                                   assoc. time
                                                                                                                                num assoc
AP-B6 00:1a:1e:89:4b:70 00:21:6a:51:71:ea
                                                                                       0x1090
                                                                                                                                           WAB
                                                                10
                                                                       demo
                                                                                                  a-HT-40sgi-2ss 18m:48s
00:21:6a:51:71:ea-00:1a:1e:89:4b:70 Stats
Parameter
                                      Value
Channel
Channel Frame Retry Rate (%)
                                     0
Channel Frame Low Speed Rate (%)
                                     0
Channel Frame Non Unicast Rate(%)
                                     0
Channel Frame Fragmentation Rate(%)
                                     0
Channel Frame Error Rate (%)
Channel Bandwidth Rate (KDps)
Channel Noise
Client Frame Retry Rate(%)
                                     0
Client Frame Low Speed Rate (%)
Client Frame Non Unicast Rate(%)
Client Frame Fragmentation Rate(%)
Client Frame Receive Error Rate (%)
Client Bandwidth Rate (kbps)
Client Tx Packets
                                     12030
Client Rx Packets
                                     3884
Client Tx Bytes
                                     996873
Client Px Bytes
                                      4318530
Client SNR
Client Tx Rate
Client Rx Rate
                                     6 mbps
(Aruba-Demo-Master3200) #
```



View Device's 802.11 Performance

show ap debug client-table ap-name <ap name>

(ArubaThailand) #show ap debug client-table ap-name Bangkok_ICH_AP1 Client Table Tx_Pkts Rx_Pkts PS_Pkts Tx_Retries ESSID Assoc_State HT_State AID PS_State UAPSD Tx_Rate Rx_Rate Last_Rx_SNR TX_Chains Tx_Timestamp Rx_Timestamp 00:1a:1e:80:02:f0 Associated WM 00:1e:c2:b4:86:90 Bangkok_Corp 1422 0x1 Power-save (0,0,0,0) 6415 19684 13 11 Sun Aug 17 08:13:27 2008 Sun Aug 17 08:13:33 2008 -128 00:18:de:66:09:5c Bangkok_Corp 00:1a:1e:80:02:f0 Associated None 5103 0x3 Power-save (0,0,0,0) 59 54 Sun Aug 17 08:12:05 2008 Sun Aug 17 08:13:33 2008 2[0x3] 00:16:ea:5f:d6:d4 Bangkok_CorpLegacy 00:1a:1e:80:02:f2 Associated None 0x1 Awake (0,0,0,0) 52 12 57 2[0x3] Sun Aug 17 08:12:33 2008 Sun Aug 17 08:13:33 2008 00:1e:4c:c9:db:72 Bangkok_Corp 00:1a:1e:80:02:e0 Associated M 0 130 0x1 Awake (0,0,0,0) 1292 3011 130 Sun Aug 17 08:13:33 2008 Sun Aug 17 08:13:33 2008 2[0x5] 00:11:24:92:64:70 Bangkok_CorpLegacy 00:1a:1e:80:02:e2 Associated None (0,0,0,0) 256991 82863 390 36 0x1 Awake 2[0x5] Sun Aug 17 08:12:27 2008 Sun Aug 17 08:12:27 2008 UAPSD: (VO, VI, BK, BE) HT Flags: A - LDPC Coding; W - 40Mhz; S - Short GI; M - Max A-MSDU D - Delayed BA; G - Greenfield; R - Dynamic SM PS Q - Static SM PS; N - A-MPDU disabled (ArubaThailand) #



Check 802.11 and non-802.11 Interference

(ArubaThailand) #show ap arm rf-summary ap-name Bangkok ICH AP1

Channel Summary

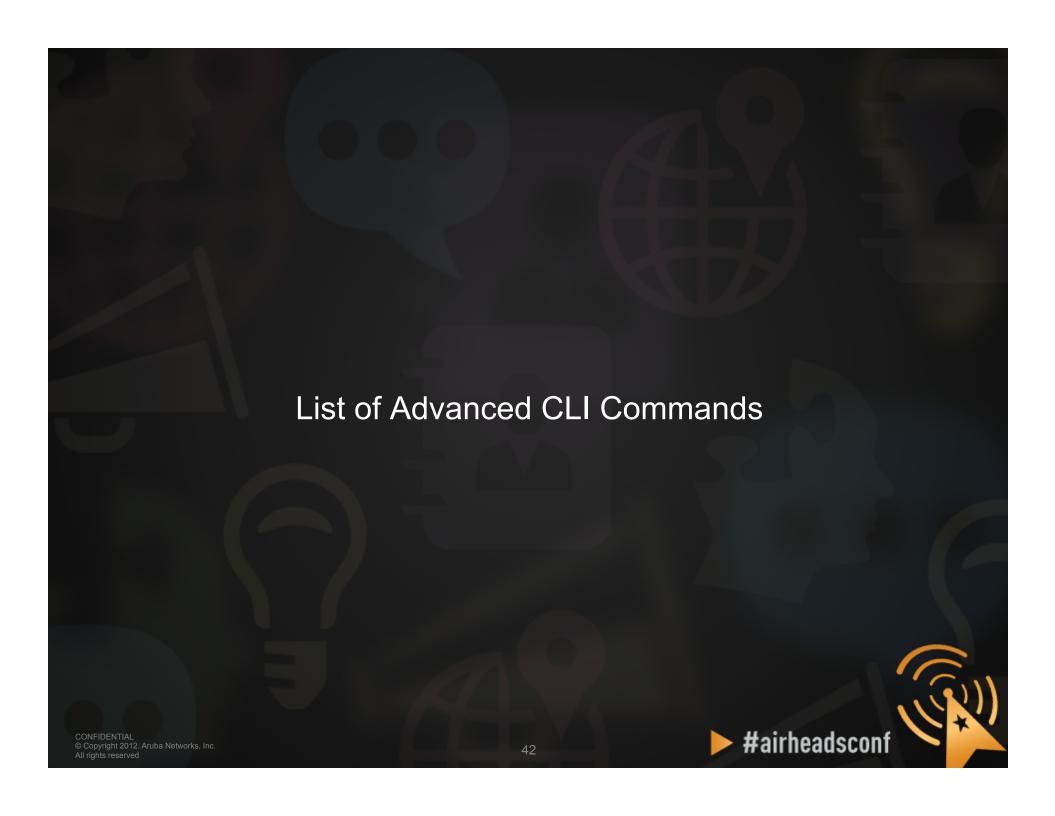
channel	retry	low-speed	non-unicast	frag	bwidth	phy-err	mac-err	noise	cov-idx	intf_idx
161	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	106	8/0	9/106//0/0
1	57	53	3	0	7	0	7	91	10/0	853/126//0/
48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	173/123//0/
165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	198/11//0/0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	40/849//0/0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	537/496//0/
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	62/929//0/0
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	736/341//0/
149	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	118/70//0/0
36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	286/20//0/0
153	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	189/83//0/0
40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	57/144//0/0
157	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	121/63//0/0
44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/0	343/80//0/0

HT Channel Summary -----channel_pair Pairwise_intf_index _____ 1 - 51868 7-11 2068 149-153 460 36-40 507 157-161 299 44-48 719

Interface Name :wifi0
Current ARM Assignment :161-/21
Target Coverage Index :10
Covered channels a/g :0/0
Free channels a/g :9/0
ARM Edge State :disable
Last check channel/pwr :21s/3m:16s
Last change channel/pwr :1h:5m:52s/54m:57s
Next Check channel/pwr :3m:49s/3m:3s

Interface Name :wifil
Current ARM Assignment :1/30
Target Coverage Index :10
Covered channels a/g :0/0
Free channels a/g :0/3
ARM Edge State :disable
Last check channel/pwr :2m:21s/lm:1s
Last change channel/pwr :2m:21s/lm:14s
Next Check channel/pwr :lm:43s/4m:15s





Advanced RF Troubleshooting

General AP/Client

- show ap active [ap-name] <AP name>
- show ap bss-table [ap-name] <AP name>
- show ap association [ap-name] <AP name>
- show ap association client-mac <client MAC>
- show ap debug client-table ap-name <AP name>
- show ap debug client-table ap-name <AP name> | include <client MAC>
- show ap debug client-stats <client MAC> advanced
- show ap remote debug mgmt-frames client-mac <client MAC>
- show ap remote debug mgmt-frames ap-name <AP name>



Advanced RF Troubleshooting Cont.

ARM

- show ap monitor ap-list ap-name <AP name>
- show ap arm rf-summary ap-name <AP name>
- show ap arm history ap-name <AP name>
- show ap arm scan-times ap-name <AP name>
- show ap arm state ap-name <AP name>

RF

- show ap debug radio-stats ap-name <AP name> radio [0 or 1] advanced



Advanced RF Troubleshooting Cont.

User

- show user [IP address or client MAC]
- show user-table verbose
- show auth-tracebuf [client MAC or count]
- show datapath session table <user IP address>

System

- show ap debug system-status ap-name <AP name>
- show ap tech-support ap-name <AP name>
- show ap spectrum tech-support ap-name <AP name>
- show tech-support
- tar logs tech-support



